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ESCOP Section

E/S/C/O/P

The new ESCOP monographs

By those already familiar with ESCOP monographs, now widely accepted as authoritative summaries of the medicinal uses of plant drugs, the new edition published in October 2003 will be greatly welcomed. Over the past few years ESCOP has revised the existing monographs to a higher standard, recent research data has been added and further texts have been prepared. Furthermore, the monographs are now presented in an attractive 556-page book, replacing the loose-leaf texts published in fascicules from 1996 to 1999. The end result is an impressive second edition of *ESCOP Monographs*, containing 80 up-to-date texts and covering the majority of widely used herbal drugs. 20 monographs are completely new.

ESCOP, the European Scientific Cooperative on Phytotherapy, is an umbrella organization representing the national societies and associations for phytotherapy across Europe. Formed in 1989, at a time when the EU Review of Medicines was in progress, ESCOP was very conscious of the diversity of approaches to herbal medicines in different European countries and recognized that it was in a unique position to contribute to the harmonization process. Summaries of scientific data on the medicinal uses of individual plant drugs, discussed, refined and approved by delegates from each country represented within ESCOP, would offer a consensus of European viewpoints not otherwise available. Thus the concept of ESCOP Monographs was established and ESCOP Scientific Committee was appointed to implement the work.

A primary purpose of the monographs is to assist the EU and national authorities in their assessment of herbal medicinal products. In fact, the first 50 monographs were completed in the mid-1990s with financial support from the European Commission when ESCOP participated in the Biomedical and Health Research Programme (BIOMED 1). Since the establishment of the European Agency for the Evaluation of Medicinal Products (EMEA) as the European medicines regulator, ESCOP has formally submitted its monographs to the EMEA's Herbal Medicinal Products Working Party.

On the earlier recommendation of the European Committee for Proprietary Medicinal Products (CPMP) the format adopted for the texts is that of the Summary of Product Characteristics (SPC), an integral part of an application for authorization to market a medicinal product for human use within the EU, ultimately providing information for both prescribers and consumers. Thus, after the definition of a plant drug and a summary of its constituents, each monograph has a section on Clinical Particulars (indications, posology and method of administration, contraindications, warnings, interactions etc.). This is followed by a very detailed section on Pharmacological Properties, summarizing pharmacodynamic properties (*in vitro*, *in vivo* and clinical studies), pharmacokinetics and then preclinical and clinical safety data. An important feature of ESCOP monographs is that they are firmly based on published scientific literature, with full citations linked to the text, and almost 5000 literature citations appear in the book. Naturally, the length of the monographs varies considerably according to the availability of data; predictably the longest texts are for Ginkgo folium (33 pages) and Hyperici herba (25 pages), while Hamamelidis folium has only 3 pages.

In preparing the monographs the Scientific Committee, operating as two subcommittees, invites experts on particular plant drugs to contribute to and advise on the texts. Further guidance and criticism on the draft monographs is provided by the ESCOP Board of Supervising Editors, a panel of distinguished academics in the field of herbal medicine. Since commencing the monographs, about 70 weekend meetings of the committee have been held in a variety of locations across Europe. Overall, the work has involved 50 committee delegates from 15 countries with contributions from some 30 experts on particular topics as well as from the Supervising Editors. With this pan-European approach the monographs are a major contribution to harmonization of herbal medicinal products in Europe. Enlargement of the EU in 2004 may well lead to the participation of even more countries in the continuing project.

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Preparing monographs of this standard, incorporating the work of so many contributors and endeavouring to keep pace with new research data, is a formidable venture but ESCOP has proved equal to the task. The second edition of ESCOP Monographs is a considerable achievement. As expressed by its subtitle, it provides "the scientific foundation for herbal medicinal products". The wealth of pharmacological, clinical and toxicological data on plant drugs offers a valuable resource for regulators, health professionals, manufacturers and indeed all with an interest in evidence-based herbal medicine.

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ABSINTHII HERBA Wormwood AGNI CASTI FRUCTUS Agnus Castus ALLII SATIVI BULBUS Garlic Cape Aloes ALOE CAPENSIS ALTHAEAE RADIX Marshmallow Root ANISI FRUCTUS Aniseed ARNICAE FLOS Arnica Flower BETULAE FOLIUM Birch Leaf **BOLDI FOLIUM** Boldo Leaf CALENDULAE FLOS Calendula Flower CARVI FRUCTUS Caraway Fruit CENTAURII HERBA Centaury CHELIDONII HERBA Greater Celandine CIMICIFUGAE RHIZOMA Black Cohosh CINNAMOMI CORTEX Cinnamon CRATAEGI FOLIUM CUM FLORE Hawthorn Leaf and Flower CURCUMAE LONGAE RHIZOMA Turmeric CYNARAE FOLIUM Artichoke Leaf ECHINACEAE PALLIDAE RADIX Pale Coneflower Root ECHINACEAE PURPUREAE HERBA Purple Coneflower Herb ECHINACEAE PURPUREAE RADIX Purple Coneflower Root ELEUTHEROCOCCI RADIX Eleutherococcus **EUCALYPTI AETHEROLEUM** Eucalyptus Oil FILIPENDULAE ULMARIAE HERBA Meadowsweet FOENICULI FRUCTUS Fennel FRANGULAE CORTEX Frangula Bark GENTIANAE RADIX Gentian Root GINKGO FOLIUM Ginkgo Leaf GINSENG RADIX Ginseng Hamamelis Water HAMAMELIDIS AQUA HAMAMELIDIS CORTEX Hamamelis Bark HAMAMELIDIS FOLIUM Hamamelis Leaf HARPAGOPHYTI RADIX Devil's Claw Root HEDERAE HELICIS FOLIUM Ivv Leaf HIPPOCASTANI SEMEN Horse-chestnut Seed HYPERICI HERBA St. John's Wort JUNIPERI PSEUDO-FRUCTUS Juniper Iceland Moss LICHEN ISLANDICUS I INI SEMEN Linseed LIQUIRITIAE RADIX Liquorice Root LUPULI FLOS Hop Strobile

MATRICARIAE FLOS MELILOTI HERBA MELISSAE FOLIUM MENTHAE PIPERITAE AETHEROLEUM Peppermint Oil MENTHAE PIPERITAE FOLIUM MYRRHA MYRTILLI FRUCTUS ONONIDIS RADIX ORTHOSIPHONIS FOLIUM PASSIFLORAE HERBA PIPERIS METHYSTICI RHIZOMA PLANTAGINIS LANCEOL. FOL./HERBA PLANTAGINIS OVATAE SEMEN PLANTAGINIS OVATAE TESTA POLYGALAE RADIX PRIMULAE RADIX PSYLLII SEMEN RHAMNI PURSHIANI CORTEX RHEI RADIX RIBIS NIGRI FOLIUM ROSMARINI FOLIUM RUSCI RHIZOMA SALICIS CORTEX SALVIAE OFFICINALIS FOLIUM SENNAE FOLIUM SENNAE FRUCTUS ACUTIFOLIAE SENNAE FRUCTUS ANGUSTIFOLIAE SERENOAE REPENTIS FRUCTUS SOLIDAGINIS VIRGAUREAE HERBA TANACETI PARTHENII HERBA TARAXACI FOLIUM TARAXACI RADIX THYMI HERBA TRIGONELLAE FOENUGRAECI SEMEN Fenugreek URTICAE FOLIUM/HERBA URTICAE RADIX UVAE URSI FOLIUM VALERIANAE RADIX ZINGIBERIS RHIZOMA

Matricaria Flower Melilot Melissa Leaf Peppermint Leaf Myrrh Bilberry Fruit Restharrow Root Java Tea Passion Flower Kava-Kava Ribwort Plantain Leaf/Herb Ispaghula Seed Ispaghula Husk Senega Root Primula Root Psyllium Seed Cascara Rhubarb Blackcurrant Leaf Rosemary Leaf Butcher's Broom Willow Bark Sage Leaf Senna Leaf Alexandrian Senna Pods Tinnevelly Senna Pods Saw Palmetto Fruit European Golden Rod Feverfew Dandelion Leaf Dandelion Root Thyme Nettle Leaf/Herb Nettle Root Bearberry Leaf Valerian Root Ginger